

# Welcome to Kearsney Manor.

The safety and well-being of all children, staff and visitors is very important to us, therefore we kindly request that you adhere and observe the following guidelines whilst visiting Kearsney Manor.



Upon arrival you will be given a visitor's badge. You must wear this at all times on site - at head office, in the school, or in the grounds of Kearsney Manor. At the end of your visit, please return your visitor's badge to reception.



First Aid In the event of an accident please speak to reception who

will advise who our first aider is. If you have a medical condition or disability that you would like us to be aware of, or if you require special assistance, please inform reception on your arrival.



Fire Alarm. In the event of the alarm sounding, please leave

the building by the nearest exit and make your way to the assembly point outside reception. Please await further instructions from a member of staff before re-entering the building.



Safeguarding. It is very important that you are aware of our safeguarding and child

protection procedures. Please do not take any photographs of the premises, staff or children during your visit. You will not be permitted to be unaccompanied with any children unless this has been otherwise agreed. If you have any concerns about the children, or if you see any accidents or someone injured, or if something else raises any concerns, please contact our Safeguarding Lead Paulette Holliday on 07896 084098 or speak to the receptionist.



Channels & Choices operates a strict no smoking policy. This applies to all buildings and the grounds of Kearsney Manor.

## Safeguarding Children and Child Protection: Guidelines for staff & visitors.

This leaflet contains important and sensitive information for adults.

#### Introduction

The protection of children in Kent is overseen by the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-agency Partnership (KSCMP). www.kscmp.org.uk.

Everybody who works with children has a duty to help protect them from abuse. All staff must know how to recognise possible abuse both within the setting and externally. You should be familiar with the processes of recording information in your setting and making requests for support from the Front Door and referrals to the Police.

Our organisation has a Designated Child Protection/Safeguarding Lead and Deputy(s) for Residential, Fostering and Sallygate School and deputy(s) to ensure there is always someone available to discuss child protection concerns

## Types of Abuse Physical abuse:

Can range from: over-chastisement, slapping with the hand, a belt, a stick or other object, to shaking, punching or throwing a child across the room. It can lead directly to neurological damage, physical injuries, disability or – at the extreme – death. Harm may be caused by the abuse itself and by abuse taking place in a wider family or institutional context of conflict and aggression. It also includes a parent/carer fabricating symptoms of or inducing illness in a child. Some physical abuse is reactive; some may be clearly premeditated with intent to cause harm.

#### Neglect

Can range from: ignoring a child's developmental needs to not feeding or clothing her/him adequately and not properly supervising her/him. Persistent neglect can lead to serious impairment of health and development, and long-term difficulties with social functioning, relationships and educational progress. Neglect may occur by omission or commission – it is important that problems for a child's parent do not obscure neglect of a child in the family. Unborn babies may now be regarded as suffering neglect due to maternal substance misuse.

## Sexual Abuse:

Is the involvement of a child or adolescent in sexual activities that s/he does not understand, cannot give consent to and which are not acceptable by in our society. This includes: inappropriate touching, taking of obscene photographs, producing/trading in indecent images of children (including via the Internet), as well as attempted or actual sexual intercourse; adverse effects may endure into adulthood. Sexual abuse can be carried out by women and other children as well as men.

#### **Emotional Abuse:**

Ranges from rejection, refusing to show a child love or affection, making a child unhappy by continually belittling her/him or verbally abusing her/him. It has an important impact on a developing child's mental health, behaviour and self-esteem. It may also include developmentally inappropriate expectations including overly high expectations which the child cannot fulfil. Domestic abuse, adult mental health problems and parental substance misuse may be features in families where children are exposed to such abuse. Emotional abuse may occur by omission or commission and it is important the problems of or a child's parents do not obscure professional views of their child's emotional development. Serious bullying, causing a child to feel frightened or in danger may be regarded as emotional abuse.

## Other Safeguarding Risks

Our staff are aware of a range of other safeguarding concerns, including: Child Sexual exploitation (CSE), Radicalisation and extremism (The Prevent Agenda) and Honour based violence (including Female Genital Mutilation). More information can be found at:

www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-and-safeguarding

## Online Safety:

The internet and related technologies provides wonderful opportunities for creativity, learning and communication; however, our setting recognises that there are also risks associated with this, including: sexual grooming, abuse and exploitation, cyberbullying and exposure to inappropriate material.

Online Safety is viewed as part of our schools safeguarding role and responsibility. Members of staff are made aware of the schools online safety policy and procedures, including our acceptable use of technology expectations regarding communication and use of social media.

Further advice regarding online safety can be found at: www.e-safety.org.uk

#### Indicators of Abuse

Child Abuse can present in many different ways; there may be physical evidence, such as: marks, bruises or weight loss. Or there may be behavioural evidence, such as: reluctance to change for P.E, becoming aggressive or withdrawn, or a change in normal behaviour.

You may also notice changes in a child's presentation, friendships or ability to concentrate etc. A child may choose to disclose abuse; this may be directly, by telling you what happened or indirectly, by telling friends or by asking for advice about a situation involving another person.

Staff may also notice concerns and behaviour changes in adults within the setting, including, staff or parents/carers. We ask that you be curious, record and report anything which may worry you to the DSL.

#### What to do if you are concerned for a child:

Sometimes we may have unconfirmed worries about a child, but have little concrete evidence that abuse is taking place; this can leave us feeling unsure about how to proceed. There have been many cases where unconfirmed worries have turned out to be the tip of the iceberg.

It is vital therefore, that even vague "worries" are recorded and passed on to the DSL at the earliest opportunity. The DSL will then be in a position to collate all known information, involve other agencies, and decide whether a further referral is required.

Staff should record incidents or concerns in accordance with our policy. These records should be signed, dated and kept securely by the DSL.

## Immediately inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead

The DSL will decide on what action is most appropriate and whether the child should request support from the Integrated Front Door/Social Worker Team. To help him/her decide this, they may consult with the Education Safeguarding Service or the Front Door team.

Although we would encourage staff to follow their normal child protection procedures, in certain cases, it may be appropriate for a member of staff to contact the Education Safeguarding Service or Children Social Care directly, regarding a safeguarding concern. Or to the LADO if concern was about a named member of staff.

#### Disclosures

## What to do if a child starts to make an allegation of abuse

- Reassure the child that s/he is right to tell and is not to blame
- DO NOT promise not to tell anyone else; explain that you have to make sure the child is safe and may need to ask other adults to help you to do this
- DO NOT question the child; let her/him tell you what s/he wants to tell
  you and no more; s/he may need to have to disclose to a specialist
  later, and too much detail now may interfere with later investigations.
- When the child is finished, make sure they feel secure and explain what you are going to do next.
- Write down notes, including the date and time of the disclosure and sign them; record as much as you can remember, using the child's own words.

## Requesting support from the Integrated Front Door

If a child or family needs support/intervention from Early Help or Children Social Care, the DSL will ensure that a Request for Support Form is completed as appropriate. These can be downloaded from the Child Protection and Safeguarding web page: <a href="www.kelsi.org.uk">www.kelsi.org.uk</a> or <a href="www.kscmp.org.uk">www.kscmp.org.uk</a>

#### Allegations of abuse made against a member of Staff

When an allegation is made against a member of staff, the DSL must consult with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) who will help to determine how the matter is to be investigated. The LADO is responsible for ensuring that allegations are managed in a proper way. The LADO can be contacted on 03000 410 888

Details of our Child Protection and other policies are available view at: www.channelsandchoices.co.uk

## Useful names and contacts:

The Designated Safeguarding Leads for our Head Office and School settings are:

Paulette Holliday - Director of Safeguarding & HR Warren Deane - Director of Service Development Alistair Hammond - Headteacher Michele Smith - Assistant Head Robert Lloyd - Assistant Head Toni Stead - Family Liaison Officer Children's Social Services

Tel no: 03000 41 11 11 Out of hours: 03000 41919 LADO 03000 0410888