

Positive Relationship and Behaviour Support Policy

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Approved by:

Date:

Introduction

All pupils at The Sallygate School (Sallygate) have struggled to maintain a mainstream school placement for a variety of reasons; consequently, a vital part of the school's role is to support the varying degrees of challenging trauma, attachment, SEMH, behaviour and social communication needs they often exhibit.

'**Restorative Approaches**' are a fundamental component in helping the school community achieve this aim. Restorative Approaches offer a framework that enables young people to develop their social and communication skills

Rationale

This document provides a framework for the creation of a happy, secure and orderly environment in which pupils can learn and develop as caring and responsible people. It is written for all members of The School community to allow each one to understand the policy of the school and to apply it consistently and fairly.

- To ensure appropriate behaviour and language throughout the school
- To encourage and praise greater effort in both work and behaviour
- To ensure a whole School approach to behaviour management is used and approved by all the staff, teaching and non-teaching
- To ensure that carers and parents are informed and are aware of the schools positive behaviour support approach
- To provide a system of rewards to encourage good behaviour and to try and reverse continuous and habitual negative behaviours
- To ensure a safe, caring and happy school
- To consistently reinforce Fundamental British Values (FBV)
- To promote good citizenship
- To promote self-discipline
- To prevent bullying

Our Policy:

- Aims to articulate the central values, rights and responsibilities which underpin the management and development of pupil behaviour within our school.
- Is based on the principles of Restorative Approaches. The restorative approach will provide an alternative to the belief that punishment will change behaviour and achieve compliance. It also enables support for emotional and social development to be differentiated according to individuals' needs.
- Is written in the belief that an understanding, shared throughout the school and community, of principles, procedures and practices, is the most effective method of achieving a united school community of which all its members can be proud.
- Incorporates the requirements of the Prevent Duty into this and other policies.
- Reflects the SMSC agenda and promotes British Values.

Philosophy

1. We believe that good behaviour is an integral part of the learning process. Individual pupils have the right to learn and develop in an atmosphere of respect, trust, security, honesty and openness: where positive relationships are valued within the school and the wider community.
2. The key elements in this philosophy are:
 - Clear, shared learning goals.
 - Creation of a safe and caring environment.
 - Enabling, recognising, and celebrating individual achievement.
 - Tolerance and understanding of others.
3. Positive relationships (between pupils, their peers, and adults) are integral to the effective implementation of this policy.
4. In order to promote the success of this policy, the school will endeavour to ensure an effective partnership between adults at home and at school.
5. The policy will be applicable in school, on school trips, any activity organised and run by the school (including holiday activities) and also where appropriate when pupils are representative of the school in their journey to and from school.
6. The Policy will rely on the Principles of Restorative Justice, which:
 - Focuses on the harm caused ~~by the wrong doer~~ and actively seeks ways of repairing that harm.
 - Help create dialogue and communication.
 - Are fair, open, and honest, treating all participants with respect.
 - Allow all participants to engage, learn and gain a shared understanding, within a safe environment.
 - Encourage accepting responsibility, reparation, reintegration, restoration, and behavioural (and cultural) change.
 - Provide opportunities for participants to openly state their views, listen to others and acknowledge their views.

Rights and Responsibilities

All members of the community of Sallygate share the rights to:

- Work safely and productively.
- Share information, skills learned, and concepts grasped – without distraction or disruption.
- Have recognition and reward for successes and efforts
- Have self-esteem enhanced.
- Work in a co-operative manner and treat each other with respect and dignity.
- Welcome visitors and similarly to respect their rights.
- Have equal opportunity to succeed irrespective of race, gender, religion, sexuality, ability or disability (see separate policies).
- The school council represents the views of all pupils

During establishment phases, tutors will involve their groups in the creation of a set of commonly agreed Rights and Responsibilities (a.k.a. Classroom Norms) and, in turn, will ensure these are clearly displayed in class. To aid staff in this process, an example of **Classroom Norms** can be found in the appendices to this Policy (**Appendix 1**).

Teaching and Learning

The development of pupils' social, emotional and behavioural skills will be encouraged by establishing high expectations in all lessons, together with tutor time, SEC lessons and PSHE.

Through regular meetings, both informal and formal, pupils who are identified with more challenging behaviour are provided with additional support and/or changes to curriculum or provision with the focus on reintegrating the pupil as soon as possible back into the learning environment. Through the restorative process, the school aims to support these young people, helping them to understand their behaviour, the effect it has on their learning and that of others.

The way in which all members of the school community teach and learn from each other when behaviour and attendance is unacceptable, is also influential. As pupils grow through the school there should be regular explicit opportunities for learning about how to act in keeping with the school's values and beliefs. In these practical strategies for intervention, full use should be made of support from the wider community such as the LA (Local Authority), Attendance and Inclusion Service, Police, Youth Offending Service, Social Services multi-agency teams, etc.

Roles and Responsibilities

The promotion of positive behaviour is the responsibility of the school community in its widest context.

The Management Committee, Headteacher (HT) and staff are responsible for ensuring that all aspects of the school's Positive Relationship Policy and its application promote equality for all pupils.

The roles include:

- a) The **Management Committee** supporting and promoting the principles underlying the school's Positive Relationship and Behaviour Policy.
- b) The **Headteacher** and **Senior Leadership Team** in framing and establishing an environment that encourage positive behaviour and regular attendance.
- c) The **Headteacher** provides support and facilitates training for all staff around behaviour management and restorative practice; additionally, the HT co-ordinates the formal conferencing process and the teams of conference facilitators and peer mediators.
- d) **All staff** in ensuring that the policy is consistently and fairly applied and that pupils are **taught** how to behave well.
- e) **Pupils** who can behave in a way that promotes the learning of all in the community.

- f) **Carers and Parents** in taking responsibility for their child's behaviour inside and outside the school to maintain high standards of behaviour.

The use of Restorative Approaches at Sallygate

The approach requires all staff working with our pupils to be aware of the principles and language of Restorative Justice, and the ability to apply them to resolving situations in their classes, corridors, and elsewhere in the community. The principles and use of Restorative Approaches will be a regular feature in the school's Continuing Professional Development programme, both at the beginning of the school year and where appropriate at other times.

In addition to this, a team of trained staff will be identified to use the model to resolve more difficult problems in a formal and structured manner. These staff will be trained to apply Restorative Approaches to conferences with all involved parties, with the aim of creating restoration and reparation between those involved.

The Restorative Questions:

- What happened?
- What were you feeling / thinking at the time?
- What do you think / feel about it now?
- Who has been affected by what has happened?
- In what way?
- What impact has this incident had on you and on others?
- What has been the hardest thing for you?
- What do you think needs to happen to make things right?
- What do we need to do make sure this doesn't happen again?

The questions are neutral and non-judgemental, they are about the pupils ~~wrong-doer's~~ behaviour and the effect upon others, and they are open questions which require an answer. They take everyone from the past (what happened) to the future (repairing harm) and require people to reflect on who has been affected. They are likely to help the pupil ~~wrongdoer~~ develop some empathy for those affected.

How to use the Restorative Questions:

The **Restorative Approach model** can be applied in several ways, ranging from informal work in corridors and classes to formal conferences with all involved, including working with whole classes (see **Appendix 2**). Examples of restorative approaches in action include:

Restorative Chat – informal chat using restorative questions, this does not include formal referral, preparation, contract or debrief but should/may include a follow-up; individual member of staff takes initiative and leads process.

Corridor/Impromptu Conference – informal conference that does not include formal preparation but may include an informal contract and a follow up; individual member of staff takes initiative and leads process.

Circle or Classroom Conference – a more-structured conference that requires a degree of pre-conference preparation and a contract (possibly), debrief and a follow-up session. Referral for support can be made to the BT for the pupils concerned.

Formal RJ Conference – Requires formal pre-conference preparation, possibly a home visit, formal referral, a contract and a formal setting, a de-brief after the conference and a follow-up session. This process must be led by a trained conference facilitator.

N.B. Restorative Justice Interventions should be recorded as appropriate on the school's behaviour tracking system.

Unsuccessful conferences or refusal to take part:

Unless all have agreed to take part in a Restorative Intervention, it will not proceed; all must be willing participants. If during an intervention any of those taking part are unable or unwilling to proceed, the intervention will close and an alternative resolution will be implemented.

If those involved fail to comply with expectations of the agreement, alternative solutions (see below) may be negotiated or applied. See Appendices 2, 3 and 4 for further information.

Rewards and Sanctions

Sallygate believes that rewards are much more effective than punishment in encouraging and motivating pupils and should be used as a proactive incentive for success. Likewise, wherever possible Restorative Interventions should initially be used in preference to sanctions to manage inappropriate behaviour; where this is not possible or where it has failed, an appropriate sanction may be negotiated or applied.

The Reward System at Sallygate is designed to target learning and attitude, at whole-school level, daily feedback in writing each day, Sallygate Stars, Gold Cards, impromptu awards, Headteacher Awards and a range of end-of-term and a whole-school end-of-year awards. Similarly, the behaviour tracking system can be used to record 'positive incidents' and can lead to letters/postcards being sent home to notify parents and carers.

Sanctions

Consistent with the school's ethos of supporting pupils rather than blaming and punishing, the use of traditional sanctions is to be avoided with supportive, restorative strategies used instead wherever possible. For example, a child who has caused damage to the building might better take part in a restorative meeting with the Class Teacher and/or repair the damage by removing graffiti or similar.

Traditional sanctions will not be used unless such sanctions facilitate the restorative process. For example, a pupil may remain in class at break time if it is to facilitate a supportive and restorative discussion. The purpose of missing part of break time is for restorative discussion and not for punitive punishment. When explaining to the pupil the need to miss the start of break, the focus will be on the need for discussion: e.g., "we need to talk about x, lets chat at breaktime," instead of the punitive approach: "because of x, you will be losing your break"

It is a requirement that staff record all serious incidents of unacceptable behaviour using the school's behaviour tracking system; individual incident reports also include a record of what members of staff have done to address the poor behaviour so that pupils are able to modify and improve it.

EXCLUSIONS

In some circumstances it may be appropriate for a pupil to be excluded from the rest of the class for a period of time. This may take the form of an “Internal” or “External, fixed-term exclusion.” Internal exclusions can take place immediately and allow the pupil to have some reflection time while they work in an alternate space with 1:1 supervision. Work is provided for the pupil.

Internal exclusions may be appropriate for persistent, low-level disruption or refusal to work in lessons or in instances where there has been an altercation with another pupil/adult, to allow for a period of “cooling off.”

Exclusions are never to be used as punishment and will always involve supportive, restorative discussions with the purpose of re-integrating the pupil with their class.

Fixed-term external exclusions are only used in extreme circumstances, including where there is compelling evidence that a pupil has intended causing harm to another person or object. External exclusions can only be authorised by the headteacher or Deputy Headteacher in the absence of the headteacher. Work will be sent home, along with a written explanation of the reason for the exclusion plus the process for reintegration. A school representative from SLT will visit the pupil at home for supportive, restorative discussion with the purpose of safely re-integrating the pupil into school.

Restorative discussions will be integral to the exclusion process.

Reintegration

In line with the general use of Restorative Approaches at The Sallygate School, pupils returning from fixed-term external exclusion will be expected to participate in a Restorative Reintegration Meeting with their carer/parent and appropriate members of staff, sometimes including the Headteacher.

Use of Reasonable Force

In routine circumstances staff should refrain from using force; however, it is important that staff are fully aware of the legislation and guidance provided by the DCSF/DfE with regard to the circumstances when reasonable force could be used by a member of staff, what is acceptable, and what a member of staff should consider before they intervene in a particular situation. As part of this, staff need to be aware of and act in accordance with any **Positive Handling Plans** (risk assessments) for individual pupils.

It is important that staff should ensure that they have exhausted all other options and are confident they could justify and explain their use of force before making a physical intervention. In short, it is the final option and should be avoided unless there is no other reasonable alternative open.

Detailed guidance regarding the Use of Reasonable Force is to be found in the school's **Physical Intervention Policy**. All staff are **Team Teach** trained as soon as possible after appointment.

All physical interventions that constitute some form of restraint should be recorded in the Bound and Numbered book before the end of the school day. The Bound book is monitored by the HT and a member of the management committee and is discussed at teacher meetings.

Support Systems for Pupils

Above and beyond the high levels of support and adapted curriculum available to all at Sallygate, several pupils will need additional support to manage their behaviour and attendance. The school will support these pupils and proactively work to pre-empt escalating behaviours, truancy and attendance problems, and other signs of disaffection. Pupils causing concern are identified by individual members of staff and the appropriate response will be arranged through Pupil Support Planning (PSP) meetings.

Support Systems for Staff

All staff have a responsibility to deal with incidents of misbehaviour when it occurs, respond accordingly and where appropriate - in conjunction with a 'fielding' colleague - record the incident and the follow-up action on the school's behaviour tracking system.

Incidents of a more serious nature should be referred upward through the network indicated (Roles and Responsibilities) for resolution elsewhere in the school community.

Twice weekly **Pupil Support Team Meetings** in class teams give opportunities for staff to discuss behaviour and work on strategies to support pupils. Staff who have repeated difficulties with a particular individual or teaching group should seek initial support and guidance from the school behaviour manager or SLT.

Regular and bookable sessions with school therapists allow staff to further discuss support strategies and investigate the causes/triggers of behaviours.

If misbehaviour is so serious that teaching and learning cannot continue, staff should use the mechanisms in place (call using radio system) to summon additional support. If a pupil needs to leave class to minimise disruption to the learning of others, staff (ideally the class learning mentor) should support the pupil to a safe space. Use of a safe space should not be viewed as a punishment but instead, as a supportive process. The safe space allows the pupil, without audience, to calm and reflect on the root cause of the problem with a supportive adult. All staff need to be familiar with the school's protocols and scripts for a managed return to class so that the risk of an unsuccessful return is minimised after the initial incident has been dealt with elsewhere by colleagues. This will also be evidenced by staff using the appropriate reflection template ie: SOCCSS sheet reflection form and adding as a "Follow up" to the initial behavioural incident report (see **Appendix 4**).

Involvement of Carers and Parents

The involvement of carers/parents is, of course, a key ingredient to successful outcomes for pupils: to promote this class tutors are expected to make use of standard home-school contact arrangements including regular daily phone calls (or emails) to exchange information, build relationships, and routinely communicate both positive news and achievements as well as behavioural and academic issues as and when necessary.

Carers/parents of pupils causing particular concern should be contacted at the earliest appropriate stage to discuss strategies and support for the individual pupil. This will vary

from child to child and, as such, no hard and fast rules govern the point at which contact of this type is necessary.

Involvement of Outside Agencies

From time to time, we may enlist support from outside agencies such as the Police service to educate and inform pupils about potentially risky behaviours such as fire-starting, using illegal drugs and carrying and using offensive weapons. This will be carried out in a sensitive manner in line with the school's PSHE curriculum. We will also offer services such as Counselling or Drug education/support as required.

Confiscation

All staff should consider the following criteria when deciding whether to confiscate an item from a pupil

- An item poses a *threat to others*: for example, a laser pen is being used to distract and harm other pupils or staff;
- An item poses a *threat to good order* for learning: for example, a pupil uses a personal music-player in class during lesson time;
- An item is *against school uniform rules*: for example, a pupil refuses to take off an outdoor coat on entering a classroom;
- An item poses a *health or safety threat*: for example, a pupil wearing large ornate rings in PE may present a safety threat to other pupils;
- An item which is *counter to the ethos of the school*: for example, material which might cause tension between one community and another;
- An item which is *illegal for a child to have*: for example, racist or pornographic material. Protocols for how to deal with such items can be agreed with local police. This list includes tobacco, alcohol, illegal drugs etc
- Following advice from the Police we have decided that any child bringing a weapon to school will be sent home and an exclusion will follow.

Consultation

To be fully effective the Positive Relationship (Behaviour) Policy needs support from the whole school community. Any proposed changes to the school's policy will be discussed by the Leadership Team and the Management Committee and shared with all staff and pupils as appropriate.

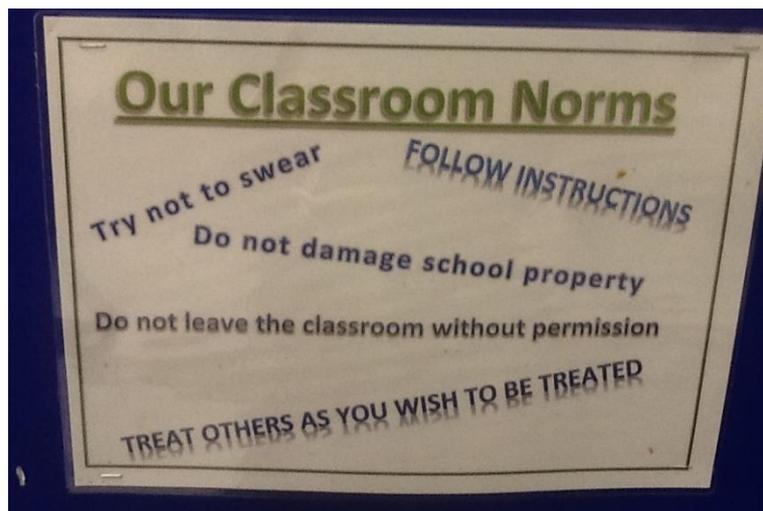
Monitoring and Evaluation

Sallygate will regularly audit the effectiveness of the Positive Relationship Policy including regular analysis of data provided by **the behaviour tracking system**. This will inform the **School Development Plan** and lead to identification of targeted training for staff implementing the policy. The audit will consider effectiveness of support, including the use of exclusion, sanctions and Restorative Justice/Approaches.

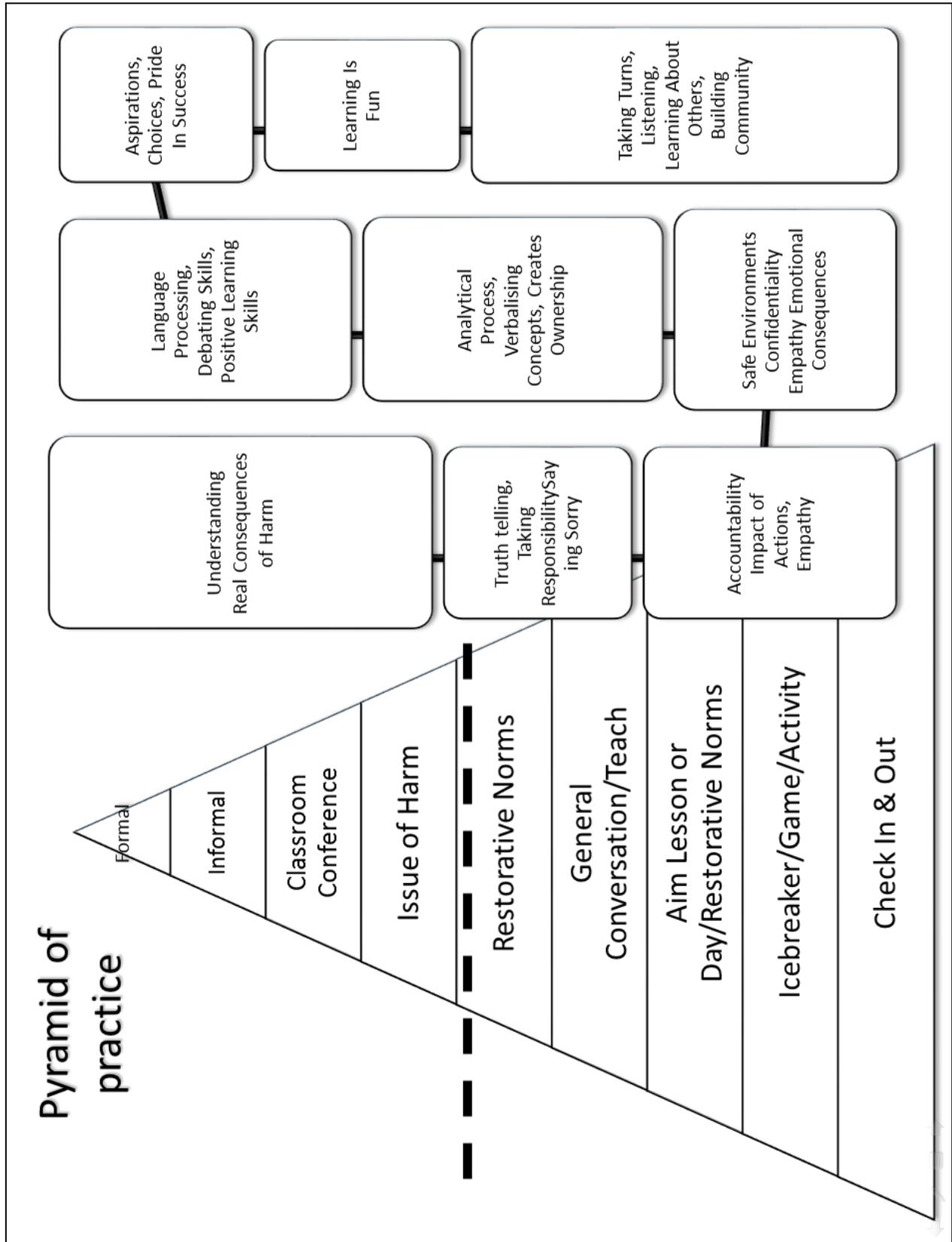
APPENDICES:

1. Examples of Classroom Norms
2. Restorative Approaches 'pyramid of practice'
3. List of staff trained to facilitate conferences
4. Scripts for managed return to class following an incident
5. Reward system

APPENDIX 1 Classroom norms



Appendix 2: Pyramid of practice



APPENDIX 3: Staff trained to facilitate conferences

As of February 2022

Alistair Hammond-Headteacher

Robert Lloyd (Deputy Headteacher)

Michele Smith (AHT & SENCo)

James Lee (Behaviour Manager)

Louise Green (School Community Liaison Manager)

APPENDIX 4:Scripts for managed return to class

- On return to class, pupils are given a fresh start.
- Apologies are not demanded.
- Staff use an agreed script to help pupils return successfully.
- E.g. “We have talked about the incident and X would like to come back to work now.”
- This indicates to the teacher that no discussion is needed at this time and the pupil should be allowed to return quietly to work.
- Or “We have talked about it and X would like to talk to you when possible.”
- Or “X and I would like to talk with you later if possible.”
- After an incident, all staff aim to repair and rebuild relationships as soon as possible.



Appendix 5: Sallygate School Reward System

The reward system has had a positive effect on behaviour and has also been proved to be a valuable tool for behaviour management strategies, for the majority of pupils that attend Sallygate.

School staff, including the therapy team, are involved in the model and implementation of the reward system. Pupils voice their opinions and ideas. Feedback is given to pupils by staff. The reward system allows all pupils to achieve within the learning and social environment of the school. This means that staff can encourage pupils as individuals and as a group to reach their maximum social, educational or behavioural potential.

The school reward system is an integral part of the Restorative Justice Approach and is dependent upon enthusiasm and commitment from both staff and pupils.

Sallygate Stars

The framework for the Sallygate reward system is built around the issuing of Sallygate Stars for positive behaviour. Sallygate Stars issued will be visible by parents/carers on the Sallygate Parent Portal.

Sallygate Stars can be issued for the following reasons:

1. **School Value Stars**

Stars can be issued for each of the school values:

- a. **Effort,**
- b. **Readiness,**
- c. **Safety,**
- d. **Kindness,**
- e. **Respect.**

An extra 2 Stars are awards for 'completing the set': achieving 1 each of the stars for school values.

2. **Target Stars**

Stars can be awarded for achieving/working towards individual targets. Depending on the circumstances, staff may use a system of ticks to build towards a full Target Star.

3. **Headteachers Award**

The headteacher may, at his discretion, award a Headteachers Award which constitutes 5 stars.

In addition to logging on Arbor, a physical Headteachers Award Card will be issued to take home.

4. **Gold Card**

Recommendations from any staff can lead to the issue of a Gold Card by SLT which carries a value of 2 stars.

In addition to logging on Arbor, a physical Gold Card will be issued to take home.

Classes are encouraged to use individual approaches to recognise behaviours that may lead to the award of a full Sallygate Star, e.g. ticks; wall charts; stickers. Individual class approaches will be monitored and may lead to school-wide or departmental take-up.

Distribution of Stars

It is important that the Sallygate Reward System cannot be used as a measure of individual challenge or disadvantage. The consistent approach of maintained schools, whilst deemed by many as 'fair', can be used to highlight disadvantage/challenge: the pupils with the fewest rewards normally being those that face the most challenges and suffer the most disadvantage. To counter this, staff are encouraged to issue a target level of stars across a term, **broadly equating to 10 Sallygate Stars per pupil/per week**. Sallygate School believes an individual approach is required and opportunities are available to recognise and reward good behaviour in **all** pupils, regardless of the individual level of challenge and disadvantage.

Despite the equitable distribution, Sallygate Stars will always be issued for valid and worthy reasons, based entirely on the individual.

Class teachers are expected to monitor the distribution of stars to all their pupils weekly. To maintain a roughly equitable distribution, class teachers can use school briefing to encourage other staff to seek opportunities to issue stars to those pupils who are under target.

Class Incentive

Whilst Sallygate Stars are awarded to individual pupils, they are also used to motivate and incentivise class groups via the **School Values Display** and **Class Rewards**.

For each Sallygate Star issued, a physical Star in the form of the class flag is given which is then attached to the School Values Display. Class totals for each individual value can clearly be seen on display with the intention of provoking positive competition between classes and encouraging pupils to exhibit positive behaviours in order to target particular stars.

To encourage pupils to 'buy-in' to the rewards process, achievable and valuable rewards are available for classes to earn collectively. The accumulation of a pupil's stars is added to a class total. The class total is mapped against a reward scale which the class may use to gain rewards; e.g. a movie afternoon, extended break times etc

Where possible, the Enrichment lesson will be used for rewards or the timetable can be amended so Enrichment may be moved to another slot.

To ensure fairness across classes, the scale used for class reward targets will be calculated using the number of pupils in the class and the target of 10 Sallygate Stars per pupil/per week.

Suitable rewards will be reviewed/decided for Primary and Secondary class every term during curriculum meetings with all teaching staff.

Achievements Day

Awards will be presented to the pupils at the end of each Term and the end of the school year. Awards can be ad-hoc and made using the data available from the distribution of Sallygate Stars across the available criteria.

Possible awards will be based on classes and individuals and care will be taken to make awards valuable and worthy but also fairly distributed across the school year.

Possible class and individual awards based on Sallygate Stars include:

- Most Sallygate Stars – although individual totals should be broadly similar there will still be variance allowing totals to be used.
- Most Effort Stars, Readiness Stars, Kindness Stars etc – Awards for individual star criteria should have more variance allowing for useful awards
- Most Gold Cards, Headteachers Awards

In addition to awards made from Sallygate Star distribution data, subject specific awards can also be issued: e.g. a Maths Award; English Award; etc

Available awards for Achievements Day will be reviewed on a termly basis.